The Carlat Guide to Medications Commonly Used for Insomnia					
Medications	Usual Dose Range (mg)	Half-Life (in hours)	Side Effects		
Benzodiazepines					
Alprazolam (Xanax)	0.5 mg–1 mg	11–16	Side effects vary, but the most common among the benzodiazepines are lightheadedness, cognitive impairment, tolerance, dependence, and withdrawal upon discontinuation		
Clonazepam (Klonopin)	0.5 mg-1 mg	20–80	More likely to cause next day sedation		
Lorazepam (Ativan)	0.5 mg–1 mg	10–20			
Temazepam (Restoril)*	15 mg-30 mg	8–20			
Non-benzodiazepines					
Eszopiclone (Lunesta) <sup>1</sup> *	1 mg–3 mg	5–7	Dry mouth, unpleasant taste		
Zaleplon (Sonata)*	5 mg-20 mg	1	Least likely to cause next day sedation		
Zolpidem (Ambien)*	5 mg-10 mg	1.5–2.4	Most frequently reported for all in this class are headache, next day sedation, dizziness, and nausea; zolpidem can cause sleep-related "complex behaviors" (eg, preparing and eating food, making phone calls, or having sex) all of which have been reported in patients who are not fully awake after taking a hypnotic		
Zolpidem extended release (Ambien CR)*	6.25 mg–12.5 mg	1.5–2.4	See zolpidem		
Antidepressants					
Amitriptyline (Elavil)	10 mg–25 mg	10–26	Weight gain, next day sedation, constipation, cognitive impairment		

Doxepin (Silenor) <sup>1</sup> *	3 mg-6 mg	15.3 (terminal) <sup>2</sup>	Next day sedation, nausea	
Mirtazepine (Remeron)	15 mg-30 mg	20–40	Next day sedation, weight gain	
Trazodone (Desyrel)	25 mg-100 mg	3–6 (first phase), 5–9 (second phase)	Next day sedation, orthostatic hypotension, priapism	
Other Medications				
Diphenhydramine (Benadryl)	25 mg-50 mg	3.4–9.2	Dry mouth, next day sedation, memory impairment	
Melatonin	0.3–5 mg	30 minutes to 2 hours	Headache	
Quetiapine (Seroqeul)	25 mg-50 mg	6	Weight gain, next day sedation, elevated cholesterol/triglycerides; risk of TD/EPS; use as hypnotic controversial due to expense and side effects	
Ramelteon (Rozerem) <sup>1</sup> *	8 mg	1.5–5	Headache, next day sedation, dizziness	

Many other medications are sometimes used to treat insomnia. We have only listed those most commonly used here. \*FDA-approved for insomnia. 1 No long-term use limitation. All other medications in the table are DEA Class C-IV. (These drugs are considered highly abusable.) 2 Half-life of doxepin does not correspond to length of sedation

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